In formal market exchange, transactions must be measurable (commensurable). Mainstream economists believe these transactions to follow unchangeable laws. Yet, our livelihoods are sustained by less formal 'markets'. How do we measure the value exchanged when *sharing* goods and services within the household or *taking* products from nature? What are the rules that govern these transactions and who makes them?

Transactions	Rules of (In)Commensurability	
NONMARKET	INCOMMENSURABILITY	
Household flows	Intra-household negotiation	
Gift giving	Cultural norms of reciprocity	
Indigenous exchange	Ritual practice	
State allocations	Citizen entitlements	
State appropriations	State entitlements	
Gleaning	Traditional right	
Hunting, fishing, gathering	Negotiation of stewardship	
Theft	Illegal right	
Poaching	Right of the have-not	
MARKET EXCHANGE	ECONOMIC COMMENSURABILITY	
"Free"	"Laws" of supply and demand	
Naturally protected	"Natural law"	
Artificially protected	Social agreements or state policy	
Monopolized	Monopoly corporate power	
Regulated	State policy	
Niche	Social agreement	
ALTERNATIVE MARKET	SOCIAL COMMENSURABILITY	
Sale of public goods	State policy	
Ethical "fair-trade" markets	Producer-consumer agreement	
Local trading systems	Producer-consumer agreement	
Alternative currencies	Community agreement	
Underground market	Trader agreement	
Co-op exchange	Inter-co-op agreement	
Alternative credit	Financier-borrower negotiation	
Barter	Trader agreement	
Informal market	Trader agreement	

How are different kinds of labor compensated in your community? Who does what?

LABOR	COMPENSATION	
UNPAID		
Housework	Nonmonetary	
Family care	Nonmonetary	
Neighborhood work	Nonmonetary	
Volunteer	Nonmonetary	
Self-provisioning labor	Food and other goods	
Slave labor	Food and lodging	
WAGE LABOR		
Salaried	Negotiated salary + benefits	
Unionized	Protected wage + benefits	
Nonunionized	Unprotected	
Part time	Un/Protected wage	
Temporary	Unprotected	
Seasonal	Unprotected	
Familial	Personally set wage	
ALTERNATIVE PAID		
Self-employed	Living expenses + savings	
Cooperative	Cooperative wage + share	
Indentured	Food, lodging, and stipend	
Reciprocal labor	Reciprocated labor	
In-kind	In-kind payment	
Work for welfare	Dole payment	

"The diverse economy is made up of many kinds of enterprise in which ownership and production are differently configured. In this exercise of reading for difference, our use of the term enterprise diverges from popular understandings and focuses on the ways in which different production units generate and deploy produced wealth."

Who appropriates surplus in your organization? In your university? Are they the same people who produce it? How is surplus redistributed?

ENTERPRISE	Appropriation of Surplus	
NONCAPITALIST		
Communal	Cooperators	
Independent	Self	
Feudal	Landlord/household head	
Slave	Slave owner/leaser	
CAPITALIST		
Family firm	Family	
Private unincorporated firm	Business owners	
Public company	Board of directors	
Multinational	Board of directors	
ALTERNATIVE CAPITALIST		
State enterprise	State	
Green firm	Board of directors	
Socially responsible firm	Board of directors	
Nonprofit	Board of directors	
Producer and consumer cooperatives	Producers, consumers	

This chart represents the many ways that social wealth is produced and distributed. The columns of transactions, labor, and enterprise represent "axes of economic difference". Capitalism is one set of relations in a sea of economic activity! But what floats? What sinks? How can we turn the tide?

MARKET	WAGE	CAPITALIST
ALTERNATIVE	ALTERNATIVE	ALTERNATIVE
MARKET	PAID	CAPITALIST
Sale of public goods	Self-employed	State enterprise
Ethical "fair-trade" markets	Cooperative	Green capitalist
Local trading systems	Indentured	Socially responsible firm
Alternative currencies	Reciprocal labor	Nonprofit
Underground market	In-kind	
Co-op exchange	Work for welfare	
Barter		
Informal market		
NONMARKET	UNPAID	NONCAPITALIST
Household flows	Housework	Communal
Gift giving	Family care	Independent
Indigenous exchange	Neighborhood work	Feudal
State allocations	Volunteer	Slave
State appropriations	Self-provisioning labor	
Gleaning	Slave labor	
Hunting, fishing, gathering		
Theft, poaching		